

# Argon 200



## Inner First Pitching

1. Open out Inner tent, and position in desired location.
2. Assemble pole structure and position on top of the inner tent with the cross over pole at the door.
3. Insert the poles end tips into the eyelets on the rear corners of inner.
4. Push the other ends of these poles up into an arch, and insert their tips into the corresponding eyelets on the front corners of the inner.
5. Insert the cross over poles end tips into the corresponding eyelets on the sides of the inner tent.
6. Suspend the inner tent from the pole structure using the clips. Start with the clips above the door.

## Flysheet

1. Open out flysheet and position over the pole structure.
2. Attach the flysheet to the pole structure using the velcro tabs on the inside of the flysheet.
3. Clip the corners of the flysheet into the corresponding clips at pole ends.
4. Place your tent in it's final position and peg out all pegging points
5. Pull door forwards and peg the anchor straps. Tighten the straps to suit.
6. Tension the flysheet using the tensioner straps at the pole ends. These should all be adjusted equally.
7. Peg out ALL guy lines ensuring that fabric attachment points are evenly tensioned.

## Flysheet & Footprint Only / Flysheet First Pitching

1. Open out footprint and position in desired location.
2. Assemble pole structure and position on top of the footprint with the cross over pole at the front.
3. Insert the poles end tips into the eyelets on the rear corners of footprint.
4. Keeping tension on the footprint, push the other ends of these poles up into an arch, and insert their tips into the corresponding eyelets on the front corners of the footprint.
5. Insert the cross over poles end tips into the corresponding eyelets on the sides of the footprint, completing the semi geodesic structure.
6. Drap the flysheet over the pole structure, attaching it to the poles, using the velcro attachment points
7. Clip the flysheet to the footprint using the side release clips
8. Peg out the footprint in desired location, and tension the flysheet once pegged out. Finish by pegging the front porch out.
9. It is then possible to attach the inner tent to the pole structure using the clips, and by putting the pole end tips through both the footprint eyelets and the inner tent eyelets.

## Striking / Packing

1. Unpeg all guylines and webbing and unclip the flysheet from inner tent.
2. Unhook the inner from the Axial Hub Structure and remove the poles from the inner tent eyelets.
3. Collapse the Axial Hub System, starting with the 2 middle sections of the front pole. This will make it fold the structure in half and make it easier to collapse.
4. Fold the flysheet and inner tent together, rolling around the poles, and slide into it's stuff sac.

Please see Care and Use Instructions on reverse for all other information.

## Before Pitching Your Tent

### Study the Tent Photograph

- This shows you what your tent should look like when assembled.
- Read through the assembly instructions and procedures carefully before pitching your tent for the first time.
- Check that all the components are correct and undamaged.
- Pitch your tent at home. This will help you become familiar with the components and pitching procedures, making it easier to pitch next time, particularly if you have to pitch your tent in the dark or in bad weather.

## When Pitching Your Tent

### Inserting Poles

- When inserting poles into sleeves, take care not to force poles through. Avoid pushing long poles through sleeves. Instead, feed material onto the poles, gathering short lengths and pulling material along the poles gradually.

### Pushing Poles into Shape

- Where possible, push poles into an arch while flat on the ground.
- When pitching dome tents, the first arch can be pushed into shape while flat on the ground. When forming the second arch you may need help from another person as the pole arch forms more easily when holding the centre of the structure upright, particularly with longer poles and larger tents.
- If a pole appears too long, check its tip is in the correct eyelets in pole anchor straps and check pole sleeves for snagging particularly at pole joints. Check if you have the correct colour coded pole in the correct sleeve.

### Tent Material - Tension

- When pitching, push poles into shape with all tension bands and flysheet adjuster straps loosened.
- Never over tighten tension bands, guylines or tent material. This causes strain and damage to seams, doorways, pegging points and zips. Material could also tear in strong winds.
- Tent fabric can slacken when wet. Resist the temptation to re-tighten if there is a possibility of material drying out soon afterwards i.e. in showers / hot weather etc. as material will re-tighten naturally when drying out.

### Tent Pegs

- Always peg at an angle (ideally 45°) to the ground to obtain maximum grip in the ground. Peg in line with tent seams. Do not over tension pegging points on flysheet material.

## Looking After Your Tent

### Pitching

- Select a suitable area with good drainage and remove objects likely to puncture the groundsheet. Avoid areas which could flood. Face doorways away from wind. Avoid trees which continue to drip long after rain and also drop broken branches in the wind.

### Sunlight

- Prolonged exposure to strong sunlight weakens the material which fades and becomes brittle. With careful use, tent material should last for many years. Avoid long term pitching in strong sunlight. Utilize the shade of trees or buildings if pitching for long periods of time.

### Zips

- Never force zips. Always pitch your tent with the zips closed. The life of your tent zips can be extended by regular cleaning. Do this by running a toothbrush over the zip teeth to remove dust and built up dirt.

### Fire

- Tent material and fire don't mix. Keep naked flames away from tent material. Never light pressure stoves inside the tent. In case of a fire in the tent, keep track of where the zip pullers are for quick escape, and also the potential to cut your way out of the tent with a knife.
- Never use a BBQ inside your tent.



### Ventilation

- All tents are prone to condensation when air on the inside is warmer than outside. Increase ventilation by leaving doors partially open using the double zip pullers and opening vents on flysheet to reduce the level of condensation inside the tent

## Packing Up

- Release all adjustment straps on poles and pegging points and remove all pegs, and poles to store in their sacs.
- Avoid pulling poles out of sleeves, otherwise shock corded poles will separate inside sleeves. Gradually push the poles through the sleeves, while pulling material off the poles in short lengths.
- Lay out flysheet and inner and fold to the width of the tent bag. Roll up, with poles and pegs inside, releasing air by opening door zips and folding towards doorways.
- Whenever possible pack tent when dry. If wet, dry thoroughly at first opportunity if tent is to be stored. Tents stored wet will cause mould to grow, which will degrade the fabric decreasing the life of the tent.
- Pack inner and outer separately if outer has become wet, particularly from condensation on the inside of the flysheet.
- Before storage, remove dirt and stains by washing with a mild soap solution. Never use detergent. Rinse and dry thoroughly.

IF YOU HAVE ANY PROBLEMS  
PLEASE CONTACT YOUR LOCAL RETAILER  
or

AMG Group Ltd, Kelburn Business Park, Port Glasgow,  
Scotland, PA14 6TD

UK Consumer Hotline: 0844 811 0535

E-Mail: [info@vango.co.uk](mailto:info@vango.co.uk)

Calls to our Customer Hotline cost 5p per minute.  
Calls from mobile phones, cable networks or public  
payphones will generally cost more.