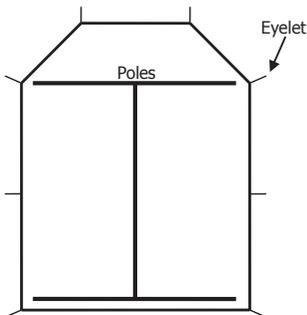


Classic Standard & CN



Inner First Pitching

1. Open out and position inner tent in required direction.
2. Assemble poles and lay them on the ground. There are 5 poles: 4 uprights (with spike on one end) and 1 ridge pole (with drilled holes at each end). Additionally there is a short sleeve which slides on top of the ridge pole.
3. Construct one A-frame by inserting two of the upright poles into one of the plastic apex pieces.
4. Attach the ridge pole by inserting the apex's spike through one of the drilled ends of the ridge pole. You should now have a tripod.
5. Insert the spikes at the bottom of the uprights into the eyelets at the rear of tent (see diagram).
6. Assemble second A-frame section, slide the short sleeve onto the ridge pole, then connect the ridge pole onto the second A-frame section at front of tent.
7. Insert the spikes at the bottom of the second A-frame into the eyelets at the front of the tent. The frame should now loosely support itself.
8. Suspend inner tent by attaching plastic clips (one at each end) to holes in plastic apex at top of each A-frame.
9. Position short sleeve to centre of ridge pole, then attach plastic clip on inner to sleeve.
10. Pull groundsheet tight and peg down at all points.



Flysheets

1. Open out flysheet and position to correspond with inner tent doorway.
2. Place flysheet over frame and locate eyelets over A-frame apex spikes.
3. Attach inner tent to flysheet using connectors located centrally between inner and outer side panels. These maintain spacing between inner and outer in windy conditions.
4. Connect the eyelet on the flysheet's anchor straps to the spikes at the base of the upright poles.
5. Peg out flysheet's elastic pegging points.
6. Peg out 2x side guylines.
7. In windy weather the four storm guylines can be attached to the apex spikes – 2 at front, 2 at back.

Flysheets First (Bad Weather Option)

It is possible to pitch flysheet first in bad weather.

1. Assemble the pole structure first (as on left) and position accordingly.
2. Open out flysheet and place over poles, inserting the apex spikes through the eyelets in the middle of the flysheet.
3. Connect the eyelet on the flysheet's anchor straps to the spikes at the base of the upright poles.
4. Peg down all guylines and pegging points.
5. Open out inner tent inside flysheet and attach as on left.

Before Pitching Your Tent

Study the Tent Photograph

- This shows you what your tent should look like when assembled.
- Read through the assembly instructions and procedures carefully before pitching your tent for the first time.
- Check that all the components are correct and undamaged.
- Pitch your tent at home. This will help you become familiar with the components and pitching procedures, making it easier to pitch next time, particularly if you have to pitch your tent in the dark or in bad weather.

When Pitching Your Tent

Inserting Poles

- When inserting poles into sleeves, take care not to force poles through. Avoid pushing long poles through sleeves. Instead, feed material onto the poles, gathering short lengths and pulling material along the poles gradually.

Pushing Poles into Shape

- Where possible, push poles into an arch while flat on the ground.
- When pitching dome tents, the first arch can be pushed into shape while flat on the ground. When forming the second arch you may need help from another person as the pole arch forms more easily when holding the centre of the structure upright, particularly with longer poles and larger tents.
- If a pole appears too long, check its tip is in the correct eyelets in pole anchor straps and check pole sleeves for snagging particularly at pole joints. Check if you have the correct colour coded pole in the correct sleeve.

Tent Material - Tension

- When pitching, push poles into shape with all tension bands and flysheet adjuster straps loosened.
- Never over tighten tension bands, guylines or tent material. This causes strain and damage to seams, doorways, pegging points and zips. Material could also tear in strong winds.
- Tent fabric can slacken when wet. Resist the temptation to re-tighten if there is a possibility of material drying out soon afterwards i.e. in showers / hot weather etc. as material will re-tighten naturally when drying out.

Tent Pegs

- Always peg at an angle (ideally 45°) to the ground to obtain maximum grip in the ground. Peg in line with tent seams. Do not over tension pegging points on flysheet material.

Looking After Your Tent

Pitching

- Select a suitable area with good drainage and remove objects likely to puncture the groundsheet. Avoid areas which could flood. Face doorways away from wind. Avoid trees which continue to drip long after rain and also drop broken branches in the wind.

Sunlight

- Prolonged exposure to strong sunlight weakens the material which fades and becomes brittle. With careful use, tent material should last for many years. Avoid long term pitching in strong sunlight. Utilize the shade of trees or buildings if pitching for long periods of time.

Zips

- Never force zips. Always pitch your tent with the zips closed. The life of your tent zips can be extended by regular cleaning. Do this by running a toothbrush over the zip teeth to remove dust and built up dirt.

Fire

- Tent material and fire don't mix. Keep naked flames away from tent material. Never light pressure stoves inside the tent. In case of a fire in the tent, keep track of where the zip pullers are for quick escape, and also the potential to cut your way out of the tent with a knife.
- Never use a BBQ inside your tent.



Ventilation

- All tents are prone to condensation when air on the inside is warmer than outside. Increase ventilation by leaving doors partially open using the double zip pullers and opening vents on flysheet to reduce the level of condensation inside the tent

Packing Up

- Release all adjustment straps on poles and pegging points and remove all pegs, and poles to store in their sacs.
- Avoid pulling poles out of sleeves, otherwise shock corded poles will separate inside sleeves. Gradually push the poles through the sleeves, while pulling material off the poles in short lengths.
- Lay out flysheet and inner and fold to the width of the tent bag. Roll up, with poles and pegs inside, releasing air by opening door zips and folding towards doorways.
- Whenever possible pack tent when dry. If wet, dry thoroughly at first opportunity if tent is to be stored. Tents stored wet will cause mould to grow, which will degrade the fabric decreasing the life of the tent.
- Pack inner and outer separately if outer has become wet, particularly from condensation on the inside of the flysheet.
- Before storage, remove dirt and stains by washing with a mild soap solution. Never use detergent. Rinse and dry thoroughly.

IF YOU HAVE ANY PROBLEMS
PLEASE CONTACT YOUR LOCAL RETAILER
or

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Scotland, PA14 6TD

UK Consumer Hotline: 0844 811 0535

E-Mail: info@vango.co.uk

Calls to our Customer Hotline cost 5p per minute.
Calls from mobile phones, cable networks or public
payphones will generally cost more.